

R. C. OGDEN IS ALL; PAGE TO PRESIDE AT CONFERENCE

Ambassador Takes Place of Great Educational Leader.

ATTENDANCE TO BE UNPRECEDENTED

Two Preliminary Meetings Will Be Held To-Day—Cabinet Officers Coming—Distinguished Men to Address Tax Conference—Advance Guard of Hosts Arrives.

The sixteenth Conference for Education in the South, which meets in Richmond this week, will be saddened by the absence through illness of its president, Robert C. Ogden, of New York, who in the early days of the body, was its very life, and whose presence has always been an inspiration. His illness is very serious, making it impossible for him to leave his home.

It is expected that Walter H. Page, ambassador to Great Britain, will preside in Mr. Ogden's stead. Dr. Page is president of the conference. He has stated that he will certainly be in Richmond, unless at the request of the President he is obliged to sail at once for England. This is only a remote contingency, since there is no pressing international business, and it has seemed to be the intention of President Wilson to permit Dr. Page to complete his immediate business in this country.

Visitors Are Coming In.

Delegates and visitors to some of the bodies that go to make up the conference, are already in the city. The Conference of State Supervisors of Rural Schools will meet to-day, as will the Southern Commission on Accredited Schools.

The first open meeting of general importance will be that of to-morrow night, when Lawrence Abbott, editor of the Outlook, will address the Southern Association of College Women on "The Education of Women."

The Young Men's Christian Association Auditorium, Mr. Abbott has the reputation of being one of the most attractive speakers in the country.

The general meetings of farmers and business men begin Wednesday morning, and the conference will then be in full session, although the formal speeches of reception and response will not be made until Wednesday night. The addresses will not open the conference, but will be in its middle.

Attendance Growing.

Assurances regarding attendance reached Dr. A. P. Bourland, executive secretary of the conference, in large numbers yesterday. He was kept busy in the reception of letters and telegrams, which showed more than ever what a big attendance there will be. Reservations have been made at the hotels, boarding houses, and homes for the accommodation of 2,000 visitors, and should more come, there is a reserve list to be called upon.

By to-night the visitors will be coming in by the hundreds, to attend the series of conferences to be held to-morrow. For the most part, these will be meetings of educators. But they are not pedagogical. When they attend the Conference for Education in the South, the teachers meet to plan for bigger things, and to co-operate with the other bodies.

Secretary of Agriculture David F. Houston writes Dr. Bourland that he expects to be here Thursday night and Friday, and it is expected that by the time of his letter that he is coming, for he says he will attend such meetings as he thinks will be of the greatest value to him, and that he will take part in the conference.

(Continued on Second Page.)

DETECTIVE BURNS JOINS IN SEARCH FOR MARTIN, MISSING MILLIONAIRE

His Operatives Scouring Europe for Trace of Missing Cotton Broker.

SCOTLAND YARD BAFFLED

Hoped That Mystery Will Be Solved With Discovery of Brazilian Woman.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

London, April 13.—William J. Burns, the American detective, to-night was called into the investigation of the disappearance of Joseph Wilberforce Martin, the wealthy cotton broker, of Memphis, Tenn. Lockhart Anderson, at whose apartment Martin was staying while here and with whom he was to have sailed for the United States on the France on the day following his mysterious disappearance, called upon Mr. Burns at the Hotel Savoy to-night and presented the facts to the detective. Within an hour the American detective was at work upon the case, and late to-night expressed the belief that he would be successful in his search for some trace of the missing man.

The Scotland Yard detectives admitted to-day that they are baffled at the circumstances surrounding the case. The police investigation is now in charge of Sir Melville MacNaughton, assistant commissioner of police. This action was taken only after the identification yesterday of the battered silk hat and striped pocket-book belonging to the missing man.

Confident of Murder.

It was learned to-night that Scotland Yard did not seriously consider the disappearance of Mr. Martin until

STARS AND BARS MAY BE CENTRE OF SPIRITED CLASH

Confederate Flag in Continental Hall Will Be Investigated.

OFFENSE GIVEN TO NORTHERNERS

Fire Among Daughters of American Revolution Has Been Smoldering Since Meeting of Daughters of Confederacy Last Fall, and Bitter Controversy May Result.

Demand "Offensive and Insulting"

Washington, April 13.—Factional bitterness in the Daughters of the American Revolution was intensified on the eve of the twenty-second annual Continental Congress of the society by the sending of a letter from the executive committee of the conservative party, headed by Mrs. William C. Story, a candidate for the president-generalship, to Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, retiring head of the society, urging that they refrain from the election of a candidate to insure an election fair to all candidates and a quick denouement of this action by Mrs. Scott.

The statement issued to-night by Mrs. Scott said: "I was amazed and shocked beyond words when I was confronted to-day by two attorneys, sent by Mrs. Story, to demand that I observe the most elementary rules of common honesty and fairness in conducting the forthcoming election."

She added that the implication of this demand was "grossly offensive and insulting," and that she did not feel it was incumbent upon her to enter into a detailed discussion of the matter.

She characterized Mrs. Story's attitude as a "last flagrant breach of good faith."

Mrs. Story will have this year, as she had two years ago, a "second deal" from start to finish, declared Mrs. Scott.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

Washington, April 13.—While hundreds of delegates were on their way to reach Washington to-day to attend the annual congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution, which begins to-morrow, discussed the features of the coming week around their hotels, it developed that a bombshell is likely to explode soon after the congress has been called to order.

Mrs. Mary Lockwood, of this city, one of the best known of all the Daughters, and a leader in one of the District chapters, has indicated very strongly that she will introduce a resolution asking by what right and by whose orders a Confederate flag was placed beside one of the United States in Continental Hall here last fall, when the use of the hall was given to the Daughters of the Confederacy upon the occasion of the laying of the corner-stone of the Confederate monument at Arlington.

Here the Confederate flag was placed in Continental Hall, Mrs. Mary T. Scott, president-general of the Daughters of the American Revolution, was started, and it is understood that her opinion of the propriety of permitting such action. The President informed her that the placing of the flag would not only be entirely proper, but that the Daughters of the Revolution of the United States were then placed in position, swinging alongside the Stars and Stripes.

A flag which has since been smoldering in the hearts of the Daughters of the Revolution, to the purpose of Mrs. Lockwood to examine thoroughly into the matter and to express her disapproval of it.

Southern delegates are prepared to reply to Mrs. Lockwood. They claim

(Continued on Second Page.)

DESPERATE ATTEMPT IS MADE TO TAKE LIFE OF KING ALFONSO

Assassin Fires Three Shots at Ruler of Spain.

ONE OF BULLETS HITS HIS HORSE

Attack Is Made After Ceremony of Administering Oath of Allegiance to Troops—Soldiers Prevent Assailant From Being Torn to Pieces by Enraged Crowd.

Madrid, April 13.—For the third time in his reign, King Alfonso narrowly escaped to-day being the victim of an anarchist attempt against his life. Three shots were fired at the King this afternoon in the streets of the capital, by a native of Barcelona, Rafael Sanchez Allegro, who was immediately overpowered.

King Alfonso owes his escape to his own courage, quickness and skilled horsemanship. Accompanied by his staff, he was riding along the Calle de Alcala, returning from the ceremony of swearing in recruits, when a man sprang from the sidewalk and seized the bridle of the King's horse with one hand, presenting a revolver pointblank with the other.

The King, realizing the situation, with rapidly dug his spurs into his horse, which reared violently. His quickness saved his life. The bullet, instead of burying itself in the King's breast, struck his horse on the neck, but so close was it that the King's left-hand glove was blackened by the powder discharge.

Secret Service Man Fells Him.

Before the assassin was able to pull the trigger again, a secret service man sprang upon him. The two men fell to the ground locked in each other's arms, struggling furiously. The assassin managed to free his revolver arm and fired two more shots in rapid succession, but the King knocked his arm aside, and the bullets flew harmlessly through the air.

At the sound of the first shot the members of the King's staff forced their horses on the sidewalk and made a ring around the assassin. He fought fiercely in the grip of four policemen, before he was overpowered and handcuffed.

King Alfonso, as soon as he saw that the man had been secured, raised himself in the stirrups, turned to the crowd, gave a military salute and shouted in a ringing voice: "Long live Spain."

He then dismounted and reassured his staff saying: "It is nothing, gentlemen."

Then up rose a mighty roar from the wildly enthusiastic masses, which rolled along in great waves of sound, all the way in which the King rode to the palace, cool, collected and smiling.

A spectator, a pensioned royal halberdier, pushed forward so impetuously to offer his congratulations to the monarch that he was mistaken for another assassin and arrested. He was released as soon as the mistake was discovered. A young Frenchman, who was standing beside Allegro, was also arrested, but it does not appear that he has any connection with him.

Attempt to Lynch Him.

The crowds made a determined attempt to lynch Allegro, who was rushed into a house and kept there until an automobile arrived to take him to the police headquarters.

King Alfonso was first to tell of the incident which he called the "incident which caused delay." He said that he and the Dowager Queen, Maria Christina, who were greatly alarmed, the King smilingly allayed their fears.

He had of the head of the palace, which caused a delay of ten minutes when an immense clamor arose. The two squares on which the palace looks were black with people of all classes, desirous of showing their joy at the King's safety.

(Continued on Third Page.)



KING ALFONSO OF SPAIN.

WILSON IS INTRENCHED IN STRONG POSITION

BRAVE DEFENSE ENDS IN FLIGHT

General Ojeda and Remnants of Garrison Surrender to United States Troops.

Naco, Ariz., April 13.—General Pedro Ojeda, commanding the remnants of his Federal garrison of 300 troops at Naco, Sonora, surrendered to United States troops on border patrol here to-day, after having withstood a siege of State troops which lasted for five days, and in which more than half his troops were killed.

The surrender was hastened by the attack upon the Federal garrison by the band of Yaqui Indians, under General Alvarez Obregon, commanding State troops, who at daybreak burst in upon the little garrison across the border and fought viciously. The dead on both sides had been estimated at 200.

General Ojeda, true to his promise, refused to surrender to the State forces, and while the fighting was at its height this morning he attempted to march across the border with his band of faithful Federals. The fire from the enemy was demoralizing, and Ojeda and his men scattered, running the two border tracks which separate the two border towns. Not even then did the firing from the rebels cease, and General Ojeda shouted to the American soldiers, watching the fighting from a distance.

Captain L. A. Severts, Company A, Ninth United States Cavalry, ran at once to his assistance. The American officers grasped the Mexican general by the arm.

Together they ran through the hall of lead to where an automobile was waiting. Captain Figueroa, of the Federal garrison, with fifteen men, remained behind to cover General Ojeda's flight. One by one, he and his fellows died in the barracks, surrounded by a horde of yelling, slaughtering Yaquis. When the Indians burst in the windows and doors and crawled through shell-made apertures in the building there were no living Federals to greet them.

Warmer Temperature and Less Rainfall

Washington, April 13.—Slightly warmer temperatures, less rainfall and fair weather generally east of the Rockies during the fore part of the week are the probabilities offered by Chief Willis L. Moore, of the Weather Bureau, in his weekly bulletin, issued to-night.

"The distribution of atmospheric pressure over the Northern Hemisphere," says the bulletin, "is such as to indicate that temperatures will average near or above the normal the coming week in all parts of the country east of the Rocky Mountains and slightly below normal in the Pacific Slope. The rainfall during the week will be generally below normal."

"Fair weather will prevail during the next several days over the greater part of the country east of the Rocky Mountains, while rains will be frequent during the week in the North Pacific States."

"The next disturbance of importance to cross the country will appear over the far West Monday or Tuesday, then cross the Rocky Mountains about Wednesday, the great Central Valley Thursday or Friday, and the Eastern States near the close of the week. This disturbance will be preceded by warm weather, be attended by showers and thunder storms, and be followed by cooler weather, with frosts in the Northwest States and the Rocky Mountain and plateau regions."

(Continued on Second Page.)

POPE STILL LIVES, BUT HIS CONDITION NOW IS DESPERATE

Helen Keller Predicts Defeat for Wilson

Washington, April 13.—President Wilson is going to make the greatest fight of his life, but he will ultimately be beaten."

This was the prediction of Helen Keller, the famous blind girl, to-day with regard to President Wilson's administration. Miss Keller said:

"President Wilson is, to my mind, a great man and a great man, and he is going to do everything in his power to remedy present conditions, but his party will not stand back of him. Members of it are already falling out on the tariff question and soon he will be very much alone. The trusts are too powerful for one man to cope with, and President Wilson will ultimately be beaten."

Miss Keller, who is both deaf and blind, displayed a remarkable knowledge of world events, and conversed with fluency by means of lip reading.

CHARGE OF FRAUD IS NOT SUSTAINED

Frost and His Codefendants Are Acquitted by Jury in Federal Court.

THEIR METHODS VINDICATED

They Were Accused of Attempting to Rob Government of Millions of Dollars.

Chicago, April 13.—Albert C. Frost, former president and promoter of the Alaska Central Railroad, and his four codefendants, all interested in the development of the road were found not guilty in the Federal court here to-day of conspiracy to obtain control illegally of millions of dollars' worth of coal lands in the Matanuska Valley, Alaska.

Disputes over the methods of coal claim locators caused the coal lands to be withdrawn from entry during President Roosevelt's last administration. Frost and his associates were indicted March 16, 1911, in the United States District Court here, charged with conspiracy to obtain control of sixty-four coal locations by means of "dummy entries."

The government asserted that the railroad promoters caused the withdrawal of the coal lands to apply for coal lands with the purpose of turning the entire group over to Frost.

The verdict, while a vindication of the business methods of the defendants, does not open the way for the completion of the railroad, as the coal lands still are withdrawn from entry and will remain so until released by the Department of the Interior.

Mr. Frost said after the acquittal that construction of the road depended on the opening of the coal lands, and that it was at a standstill.

At no time was the jury more than evenly divided against the defendants. The first ballot stood six to six. The jury deliberated about three hours last night after taking the case at 8 o'clock. The verdict was given at 2 this afternoon.

Judge Keneaw M. Landis, who presided at the trial said on hearing the verdict:

"Counsel for the defense are to be congratulated on having achieved a most extraordinary victory."

Frost, in statement, said he became interested in the financing of the road in 1904. It was to run from Seward, on the south coast of Alaska, north to Fairbanks, a distance of 483 miles.

(Continued on Seventh Page.)

FUNERAL OF MORGAN WILL BE HELD TO-DAY

Final Arrangements for Services at St. George's Church Are Completed.

ALL HIS WISHES OBSERVED

Ceremony Will Be Very Simple, According to Directions He Gave Before Death.

New York, April 13.—Final arrangements for the funeral services of J. Pierpont Morgan, which will be held at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning at St. George's Protestant Episcopal Church, in Stuyvesant Square, were completed to-day. The details of the service will be closed by the police to vehicles and kept open for those who arrive on foot.

The services will be conducted by the Right Rev. David H. Greer, Bishop of the Diocese of New York, who will be assisted by the Right Rev. William Lawrence, D. D., of the Diocese of Boston; the Right Rev. Chauncey B. Browder, of the Diocese of Connecticut, and the Rev. Karl Relland, rector of St. George's Church, of which Mr. Morgan was senior warden. The services will be very simple, in accordance with the directions given by Mr. Morgan before his death.

In the library of the Morgan home, in East Thirty-sixth Street, the body of the dead financier rests to-night in a coffin wreathed in thousands of red roses, his favorite flower, while a blanket of 5,000 Richmond roses has been made ready to surround the coffin when it is taken to St. George's Church to-morrow. In the library are

hundreds of floral tributes, one of which is from the King of Italy.

Following the services at St. George's the body will be taken on a special train to Hartford, Conn., where the burial will be in the Morgan vault.

At Hartford the services will be private, only members of the family being admitted. They will be conducted by Bishop Brewster, assisted by Bishop Lawrence and Rev. Karl Relland.

Children May First Visit.

Early to-day before the usual crowds of sight-seers had commenced to appear in front of the J. P. Morgan library, in East Thirty-sixth Street, where the body of the dead financier lies in state, the few spectators who chanced to be in the neighborhood noted a little group of children, accompanied by two or three of their elders, ascend the wide marble steps and disappear behind the massive carved iron doors.

There were the grandchildren of Mr. Morgan; the boys and girls of whom he was so inordinately fond, and they were paying their first visit since his death to the beautiful rooms where he had lived and played with them. J. P. Morgan, Jr., with three of his children, Jane, Frances and Harry; Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee and their two daughters, Mabel and Eleanor; Mrs. William Pierson Hamilton and Pierpont Hamilton, with three of the younger Hamilton children, Alexander, Laurence and "Betty," made up the party. They remained inside the library for almost half an hour, during the day, as well as many others who failed to gain admittance.

The Italian ambassador, Marquis Cusani Confalonieri, arrived in New York to-night and will represent the King of Italy at the funeral.

Out of respect to the memory of

(Continued on Seventh Page.)